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## Section 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

#### PRODUCT NAME

REGUPOL ONE PART MULTI-USE FLOORING ADHESIVE

### PRODUCT USE

Rubber flooring, acoustic flooring & vinyl flooring.

## **SUPPLIER**

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## Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# STATEMENT OF HAZARDOUS NATURE

NON-HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to NOHSC Criteria, and ADG Code.

#### **RISK**

•None under normal operating conditions.

# Section 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

NAME CAS RN %

ingredients determined not to be hazardous 100%



### Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

# **SWALLOWED**

- · Immediately give a glass of water.
- First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

### EYE

- If this product comes in contact with the eyes:
- · Wash out immediately with fresh running water.
- Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the
  eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.
- Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.
- Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.

# SKIN

- If skin contact occurs:
- Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.
- Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).
- Seek medical attention
  - in event of irritation. In
  - case of burns:
- Immediately apply cold water to burn either by immersion or wrapping with saturated clean cloth.
- DO NOT remove or cut away clothing over burnt areas. DO NOT pull away clothing which has adhered to the skin as this can cause further injury.
- DO NOT break blister or remove solidified material.
- Quickly cover wound with dressing or clean cloth to help prevent infection and to ease pain.

## **INHALED**

- If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.
- · Other measures are usually unnecessary.

## **NOTES TO PHYSICIAN**

Treat symptomatically.



## Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

## **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

- There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

## FIRE FIGHTING

- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- · Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.
- Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.
- · Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.

## FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARD

- · Non combustible.
- Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn.

Decomposition may produce toxic fumes of: carbon dioxide (CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), silicon dioxide (SiO2), other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

#### FIRE INCOMPATIBILITY

 Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result.

#### **HAZCHEM**

None

#### Section 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### MINOR SPILLS

- · Clean up all spills immediately.
- · Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- · Wear impervious gloves and safety goggles.
- · Trowel up/scrape up.

## **MAJOR SPILLS**

- Minor hazard.
- · Clear area of personnel.
- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- · Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required.
- · Prevent spillage from entering drains or water ways.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.



# Section 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### PROCEDURE FOR HANDLING

- Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- · Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- Use in a well-ventilated area.
- · Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.

# SUITABLE CONTAINER

- · Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
- · Packing as recommended by manufacturer.
- Check all containers are clearly labeled and free from leaks.

## STORAGE INCOMPATIBILITY

Avoid reaction with oxidising agents.

## STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

- · Store in original containers.
- · Keep containers securely sealed.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
- Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.



## Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **EXPOSURE CONTROLS**

#### MATERIAL DATA

**REGOPMUADH** 

Not available

## PERSONAL PROTECTION RESPIRATOR

Type AX Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

## EYE

- Safety glasses with side shields.
- Chemical goggles.
- Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lens or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59], [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent].

#### HANDS/FEET

- · Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
- · Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber.

## OTHER

- Overalls.
- P.V.C. apron.
- · Barrier cream.
- · Skin cleansing cream.

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

 Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk. Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.



# Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## **APPEARANCE**

White paste with a little odour; mixes with water.

# PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Mixes with water.

State	Non Slump Paste	Molecular Weight	Not Applicable
Melting Range (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity	Not Available
Boiling Range (°C)	Not Available	Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible
Flash Point (°C)	Not Applicable	pH (1% solution)	Not Available
Decomposition Temp (°C)	Not Available	pH (as supplied)	8
Autoignition Temp (°C)	Not Applicable	Vapour Pressure (kPa)	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Specific Gravity (water=1)	1.18
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Relative Vapour Density (air=1)	Not Available
Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available	Evaporation Rate	Not Available

## Section 10 –STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

# CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO INSTABILITY

• Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur. For incompatible materials - refer to Section 7 - Handling and Storage.



#### Section 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

#### **ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS**

#### **SWALLOWED**

• The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence. The material may still be damaging to the health of the individual, following ingestion, especially where pre-existing organ (eg. liver, kidney) damage is evident. Present definitions of harmful or toxic substances are generally based on doses producing mortality rather than those producing morbidity (disease, ill-health). Gastrointestinal tract discomfort may produce nausea and vomiting. In an occupational setting however, ingestion of insignificant quantities is not thought to be cause for concern.

#### EYE

 The material may be irritating to the eye, with prolonged contact causing inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis.

#### SKIN

 The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin. Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.

#### **INHALED**

Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product. The material is not thought to produce adverse health
effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good
hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an
occupational setting.

#### CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS

Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health
(as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be
minimised as a matter of course.

# TOXICITY AND IRRITATION

No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.



## Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data **Ecotoxicity** 

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air	Bioaccumulation	Mobility
REGOPMUADH	No Data	No Data	No Data	No Data
	Available	Available	Available	Available

# Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
- In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.
- Where in doubt contact the responsible authority.
- · Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal.
- · Bury or incinerate residue at an approved site.
- · Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

## Section 14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

## HAZCHEM:

None (ADG7)

NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS: ADG7, UN, IATA, IMDG

### Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

POISONS SCHEDULE None

# **REGULATIONS**

No data for Holdfast 772 (CW: 33-6740)



## Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Material Safety Data Sheets are updated frequently. Please ensure that you have a current copy.

This MSDS summarises at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product, and in particular how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Since we cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this MSDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace.

If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.

Our responsibility for product as sold is subject to our standard terms and conditions, a copy of which is sent to our customers and is also available upon request.